

MUkit - Measurement Uncertainty kit

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Eurachem/CITAC Scientific Workshop
Measurement uncertainty evaluation based on in-house validation data
25-26 October 2022



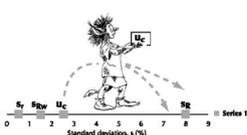
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Popular Nordtest guides

www.nordtest.info

NORDTEST NT TR 537 edition 4 2017:11

Handbook
for
Calculation of
Measurement Uncertainty
in
Environmental Laboratories



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NORDTEST NT TR 569 edition 5.1 2018:09

NORDTEST REPORT TR 569



Internal
QUALITY
CONTROL

Handbook for
Chemical Laboratories



<http://www.nordtest.info/wp/2017/11/29/handbook-for-calculation-of-measurement-uncertainty-in-environmental-laboratories-nt-tr-537-edition-4/>

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MUkit – measurement uncertainty program



- It is mainly based on the
 - Nordtest TR 537 (*Handbook for Calculation of Measurement Uncertainty in Environmental Laboratories*) and on the
 - Standard ISO 11352 (*Water quality -- Estimation of measurement uncertainty based on validation and quality control data*).
- Using the program, the laboratories can easily calculate measurement uncertainties using
 - Quality control samples,
 - Repeated results from routine samples,
 - Results from proficiency tests and
 - Results from recovery tests



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Example: Total nitrogen in waste water

- Step 1: Specify measurand
- Total nitrogen mass concentration in waste water measured according to standard method EN ISO 11905-1.
- Uncertainty is evaluated using the results of:
 - routine sample replicates at different concentration levels
 - certified reference material



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Method Specific

Reports

Specify Measurand

Method Name: Method_ABC

Unit of Measurand

Info Box: Measurand = Quantity intended to be measured. The measurand can be e.g. "Mass concentration of Cd", "Mass of filter" or "Fibre content of food".

Analysis Principle (Anal): In-house method based ISO 11905-1, Determini...

Sample preparation: Oxidation with peroxidic autoclave, 120 oC and

Calculated Uncertainty Levels

	Limit Low	Limit High
Calc. Absolute Uncertainty		
Calc. Relative Uncertainty		

Relationship between (a) absolute measurement uncertainty and concentration, and (b) relative measurement uncertainty and concentration.

Divide the measurement range (c) at the dashed line into a low range where the absolute measurement uncertainty is constant and a high range where the relative measurement uncertainty is approximately constant (NT537/ed4, Chap. 4.1, Fig 5.)

Choose "Calc. Absolute Uncertainty" when measurement uncertainty can be assumed to be constant as an absolute value. The assumption can usually be made when the R- or sr- value remains constant within the concentration range (The r% and sr% value is rapidly increasing towards the lower concentrations).

Choose "Calc. Relative Uncertainty" when measurement uncertainty can be assumed to be constant in percentage value. The assumption can usually be made when the r%- or sr%- value remains constant within the concentration range.

See charts for R, sr, r% and sr% in "Routine replicates" sheet.

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Uncertainty Calculation for a Concentration Range

Quantifying measurement uncertainty for a certain concentration level Parameters

Save Unfinished Cancel Settings Parameters > Results

Parameters

Two options:

- Control sample covering the whole analytical process
- Control sample and routine sample replicates

Within-laboratory reproducibility - $u(Rw)$

Control sample and routine sample replicates

Method and Laboratory bias - $u(bias)$

Certified reference material / Control Sample

Three options:

- Certified reference material / Control sample
- Interlaboratory comparisons / Proficiency tests
- Recovery tests

Next

* Compulsory fields for the counting.
 ** Fields needed for a complete Nordtest Report.

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Routine sample replicates

Replicate series N:o	Replicate result 1 (mg/L)	Replicate result 2 (mg/L)	Replicate result 3 (mg/L)	Replicate result 4 (mg/L)	Date measured
1	0,181	0,163	0,169	0,179	30.9.2018
2	0,189	0,168	0,172	0,178	21.12.2018
3	0,178	0,171	0,174	0,182	10.10.2018
4	0,199	0,184	0,179	0,189	1.8.2018
5	0,193	0,186			7.12.2018
6	0,191	0,199	0,201	0,192	27.11.2018
7	0,192	0,198	0,199	0,199	11.1.2018
8	0,267	0,206			7.1.2018
9	0,255	0,211			26.4.2018
10	0,206	0,216	0,226	0,226	27.7.2018
11	0,271	0,225	0,257		2.10.2018
105	3,84	3,78	3,71		13.11.2018
106	3,72	3,99	3,89	3,75	17.6.2018
107	4,01	4,12	3,99	4,12	20.2.2018
108	4,44	4,31	4,12	4,33	11.11.2018
109	4,71	4,51	4,52	4,65	10.12.2018
110	4,31	4,65	4,66	4,35	3.4.2018
111	4,64	4,59	4,57		24.10.2018
112	4,95	4,67	4,69	4,96	7.12.2018
113	4,93	4,73	4,95	4,91	3.2.2018
114	4,89	4,77	4,79		5.7.2018
115	4,99	4,89	4,89		10.10.2018



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Standard Deviation of Routine Samples from Worksheet

Maximum number of samples per replicate series: 4

Chart: sr %

Replicate series	1. Repl	2. Repl
1. Replicate series	0.181	0.163
2. Replicate series	0.189	0.168
3. Replicate series	0.178	0.171
4. Replicate series	0.199	0.184
5. Replicate series	0.193	0.186
6. Replicate series	0.191	0.199
7. Replicate series	0.192	0.198
8. Replicate series	0.267	0.206
9. Replicate series	0.255	0.211
10. Replicate series	0.206	0.216
11. Replicate series	0.271	0.225
12. Replicate series	0.201	0.234
13. Replicate series	0.241	0.235
14. Replicate series	0.218	0.236
15. Replicate series	0.227	0.241
16. Replicate series	0.234	0.242
17. Replicate series	0.258	0.249
18. Replicate series	0.249	0.255

Average range (R, mg/l): 0.04135

Std deviation estimated from range (mg/l): 0.02355

Number of replicate series (k): 65

sr (pooled): 0.02384

$$s_{\text{pooled}} = \sqrt{\frac{(n_1 - 1)s_1^2 + (n_2 - 1)s_2^2 + \dots + (n_k - 1)s_k^2}{n_1 + n_2 + \dots + n_k - k}}$$

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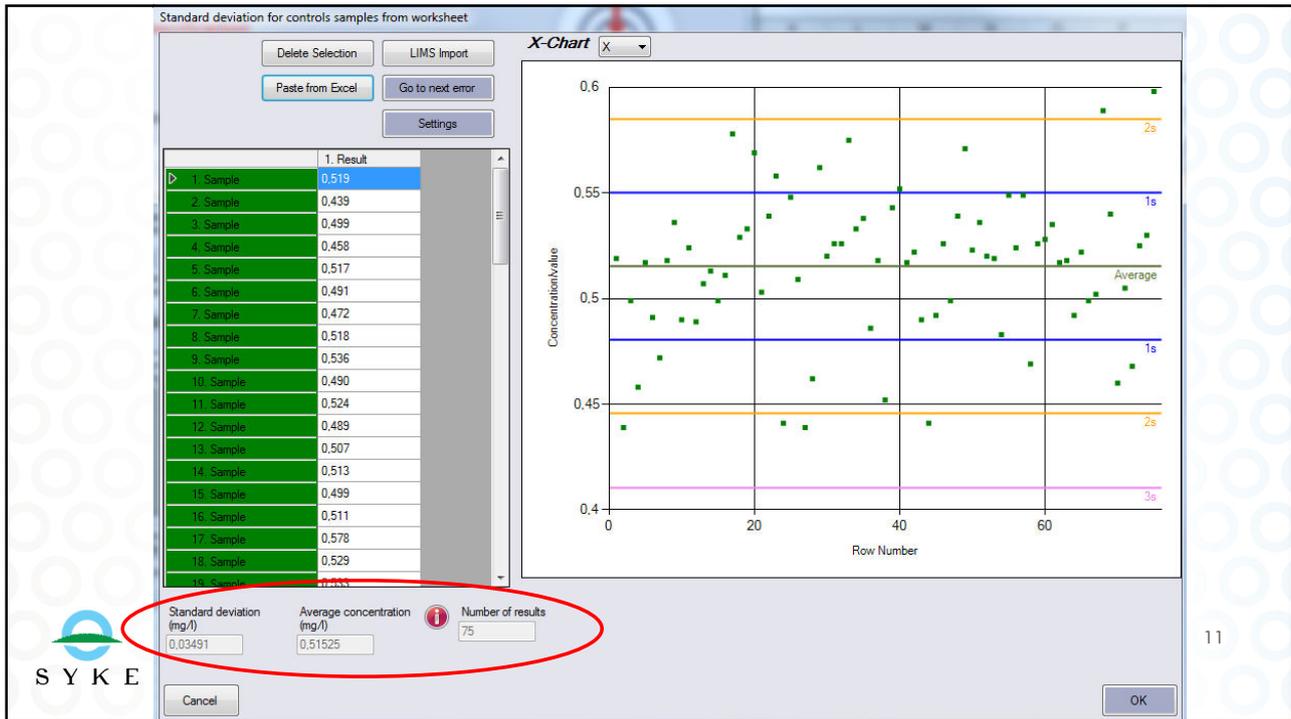
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Meas. Number	Date	Measurement result (mg/L)
1	3.1.2018	0,519
2	5.1.2018	0,439
3	9.1.2018	0,499
4	11.1.2018	0,458
5	13.1.2018	0,517
6	15.1.2018	0,491
7	17.1.2018	0,472
8	19.1.2018	0,518
9	23.1.2018	0,536
10	26.1.2018	0,490
11	29.1.2018	0,524
12	1.2.2018	0,489
65	26.9.2018	0,522
66	2.10.2018	0,499
67	11.10.2018	0,502
68	16.10.2018	0,589
69	24.10.2018	0,540
70	12.11.2018	0,460
71	15.11.2018	0,505
72	27.11.2018	0,468
73	7.12.2018	0,525
74	17.12.2018	0,530
75	21.12.2018	0,598

CRM 0.5 mg/L is used as control sample.

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Uncertainty Calculation for a Concentration Range

Quantifying measurement uncertainty for a certain concentration level
Certified Reference Materials

Parameters > Routine Replicates > Control Samples > Certified Reference... > Results

Edit CRM

Standard Deviation of Measured Conc. (mg/l): 0.03491
 Number of Measurements: 75
 Certified Concentration (mg/l): 0.5
 Date of Last Measurement: 13. marraskuuta 2019
 Measured Concentration (mg/l): 0.51525
 Standard Uncertainty of Certified Conc. (mg/l): 0.005
 Date of First Measurement: 13. marraskuuta 2019

Certified Concentration	Certified Conc. Uncertainty (mg/l)	Measured Concentration	Measured Sd (mg/l)	Measure Count	Date of First	Date of Last	Matrix	Additional Information
0.5	0.005	0.51525	0.03491	75				

Reference material is used as control sample.
 According to certificate the certified value is 0.5 ± 0.01 mg/l (95% confidence level)

$\rightarrow u(c_{ref}) = 0.01 \text{ mg/l} / 2 = 0.005 \text{ mg/l}$

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15.11.2019

Summary of the method's measurement uncertainties

Method information

Method name Method_ABC
 Measurand Total nitrogen (Ntot) mass concentration
 Sample Type (Matrix) Waste water
 Analysis Principle (Analyzer etc.) In-house method based on standard EN ISO 11905-1, Determination of nitrogen -- Part 1: Method using oxidative digestion with peroxodisulfate
 Sample preparation Oxidation with peroxodisulfate in autoclave, 120 oC and 30 minutes
 Additional information Limit of quantification (LOQ): 0.15 mg/l Range of detection: up to 5 mg/l

Calculated Uncertainties at Different Measurand Levels

Concentration range (mg/l)	Within-lab Reproducibility Data	u (Rw)	Bias Data	u (bias)	Combined standard uncertainty	Expanded uncertainty
0,15-1	Control sample and routine sample replicates	0,042 mg/l	Certified reference material / Control Sample	0,017 mg/l	0,045 mg/l	0,10 mg/l



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MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY ESTIMATION

Step	Action	Method_ABC	15.11.2019																				
1	Specify Measurand	Measurand: Total nitrogen (Ntot) mass concentration Concentration range: 0,15 - 1 mg/l Sample Type (Matrix): Waste water Analysis Principle (Analyzer etc.): In-house method based on standard EN ISO 11905-1, Determination of nitrogen -- Part 1: Method using oxidative digestion with peroxodisulfate Sample preparation: Oxidation with peroxodisulfate in autoclave, 120 oC and 30 minutes Additional information: Limit of quantification (LOQ): 0.15 mg/l Range of detection: up to 5 mg/l																					
2	Quantify within-laboratory reproducibility, $u(R_w)$ A: Control sample B: Possible steps not covered by control sample	A: Control samples: Number of control samples: 75 Average concentration: 0,52 mg/l Standard deviation, s_{Rw} : 0,035 mg/l B: Routine replicate samples : Number of routine replicate series: 65 Number of parallel measurements: 3 - 4 Concentration range: 0,17 - 0,95 mg/l Pooled standard deviation, s_r : 0,024 mg/l $u(R_w) = \sqrt{s_{Rw}^2 + s_r^2} = 0,042 \text{ mg/l}$																					
3	Quantify method and laboratory bias, $u(bias)$		Method and laboratory bias from certified reference material: Different certified reference materials count, N : 1 <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>i</th> <th>1</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Certified concentration, c_{refi}</td> <td>0.5 mg/l</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Standard uncertainty of certified concentration, $u(c_{refi})$</td> <td>0.005 mg/l</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Measured concentration, c_i</td> <td>0.52 mg/l</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Standard deviation of measured concentration, s_{bias}</td> <td>0.035 mg/l</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Number of Measurements, n_i</td> <td>75</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$bias_i = c_i - c_{refi}$</td> <td>0.015 mg/l</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Period of measurements</td> <td>-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sample Type (Matrix)</td> <td>-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Additional information</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> $u(bias) = \sqrt{bias_1^2 + \left(\frac{s_{bias_1}}{\sqrt{n_1}}\right)^2} + u(c_{ref1}) = 0.017 \text{ mg/l}$	i	1	Certified concentration, c_{refi}	0.5 mg/l	Standard uncertainty of certified concentration, $u(c_{refi})$	0.005 mg/l	Measured concentration, c_i	0.52 mg/l	Standard deviation of measured concentration, s_{bias}	0.035 mg/l	Number of Measurements, n_i	75	$bias_i = c_i - c_{refi}$	0.015 mg/l	Period of measurements	-	Sample Type (Matrix)	-	Additional information	
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Sample Type (Matrix)	-																						
Additional information																							
4	Convert components to standard uncertainty		$u(R_w) = 0.042 \text{ mg/l}$ $u(bias) = 0.017 \text{ mg/l}$																				
5	Calculate combined standard uncertainty, u_c		$u_c = \sqrt{u(R_w)^2 + u(bias)^2} = 0.045 \text{ mg/l}$																				
6	Calculate expanded uncertainty, U		$U = 2 \cdot u_c = 0.10 \text{ mg/l}$																				

ABSOLUTE MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY ESTIMATION



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MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY ESTIMATION				RELATIVE MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY ESTIMATION																														
Step	Action	Method_ABC	11/15/2019																															
1	Specify Measurand	Measurand: Total nitrogen (Ntot) mass concentration Concentration range: 1 - 5 mg/l Sample Type (Matrix): Waste water Analysis Principle (Analyzer etc.): In-house method based on standard EN ISO 11905-1, Determination of nitrogen -- Part 1: Method using oxidative digestion with peroxodisulfate Sample preparation: Oxidation with peroxodisulfate in minutes Additional information: Limit of quantification (LOQ): 0.1 up to 5 mg/l		<p>Method and laboratory bias from certified reference material: Different certified reference materials count, $N : 2$</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>i</th> <th>1</th> <th>2</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Certified concentration, $c_{ref,i}$</td> <td>2.5 mg/l</td> <td>4 mg/l</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Standard uncertainty of certified concentration, $u(c_{ref,i})$</td> <td>0.8 %</td> <td>0.6 %</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Measured concentration, c_i</td> <td>2.55 mg/l</td> <td>3.95 mg/l</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Standard deviation of measured concentration, s_{bias}</td> <td>4.7 %</td> <td>2.9 %</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Number of Measurements, n_i</td> <td>123</td> <td>75</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$bias_i = \frac{c_i - c_{ref,i}}{c_{ref,i}} \cdot 100\%$</td> <td>2.1 %</td> <td>-1.3 %</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Period of measurements</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sample Type (Matrix)</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Additional information</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> $u(c_{ref}) = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N u(c_{ref,i})}{N} = 0.7 \%$ $RMS_{bias} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^N bias_i^2}{N}} = 1.7 \%$ $u(bias) = \sqrt{RMS_{bias}^2 + u(c_{ref})^2} = 1.9 \%$	i	1	2	Certified concentration, $c_{ref,i}$	2.5 mg/l	4 mg/l	Standard uncertainty of certified concentration, $u(c_{ref,i})$	0.8 %	0.6 %	Measured concentration, c_i	2.55 mg/l	3.95 mg/l	Standard deviation of measured concentration, s_{bias}	4.7 %	2.9 %	Number of Measurements, n_i	123	75	$bias_i = \frac{c_i - c_{ref,i}}{c_{ref,i}} \cdot 100\%$	2.1 %	-1.3 %	Period of measurements	-	-	Sample Type (Matrix)	-	-	Additional information	-	-
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			6	Calculate expanded uncertainty, U $U = 2 \cdot u_c = 12 \%$																														

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MUKit
Measurement Uncertainty Kit

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About the program

MUKit (Measurement Uncertainty Kit) is a measurement uncertainty software application, where calculations are based on the Nordtest TR537 handbook. By introducing the MUKit software, ENVICAL SYKE presents for chemical laboratories a user-friendly tool, which can be utilized for measurement uncertainty estimations often appearing to be a laborious task to perform. The traceability and comparability of analytical results require knowledge of the measurement uncertainty associated with a result. A uniform procedure for the estimation of measurement uncertainty is expected to improve the comparability of analysis results between laboratories.

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- results of the recovery tests

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	$u(R_w) = \sqrt{s_{Rw}^2 + s_p^2}$
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	i
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	Number of Measurements, n_i
	$bias_i = c_i - c_{ref\ i}$
	Period of measurements
	Sample Type (Matrix)
	Additional information
	$u(bias) = \sqrt{bias_1^2 + \left(\frac{s_{bias_1}}{\sqrt{n_1}}\right)^2 + u(c_{ref\ 1})^2}$
ents to standard	$u(R_w) = 0.461 \mu\text{g/l}$ $u(bias) = 0.117 \mu\text{g/l}$
andard	$u_c = \sqrt{u(Rw)^2 + u(bias)^2} = 0.47$
	$U = 2 \cdot u_c = 1.0 \mu\text{g/l}$